

SNx5LBC180A 低功耗差分线路驱动器和接收器对

1 特性

- 高速低功耗 LinBICMOS™ 电路专为高达 30Mbps 的信号传输速率⁽¹⁾ 而设计
- 总线引脚 ESD 保护 15kV HBM
- 低禁用电源电流要求：
700 μ A (最大值)
- 专为通过长电缆进行高速多点数据传输而设计
- -7V 至 12V 的共模电压范围
- 低电源电流：15 mA (最大值)
- 符合 ANSI 标准 TIA/EIA-485-A 和 ISO 8482:1987(E)
- 正负输出电流限制
- TIA/EIA-485-A 定义¹

2 说明

SN65LBC180A 和 SN75LBC180A 差分驱动器和接收器对是单片集成电路，设计用于通过具有传输线特性的长电缆进行双向数据通信。它们是符合 ANSI 标准 TIA/EIA-485-A 和 ISO 8482:1987(E) 的平衡或差分电压模

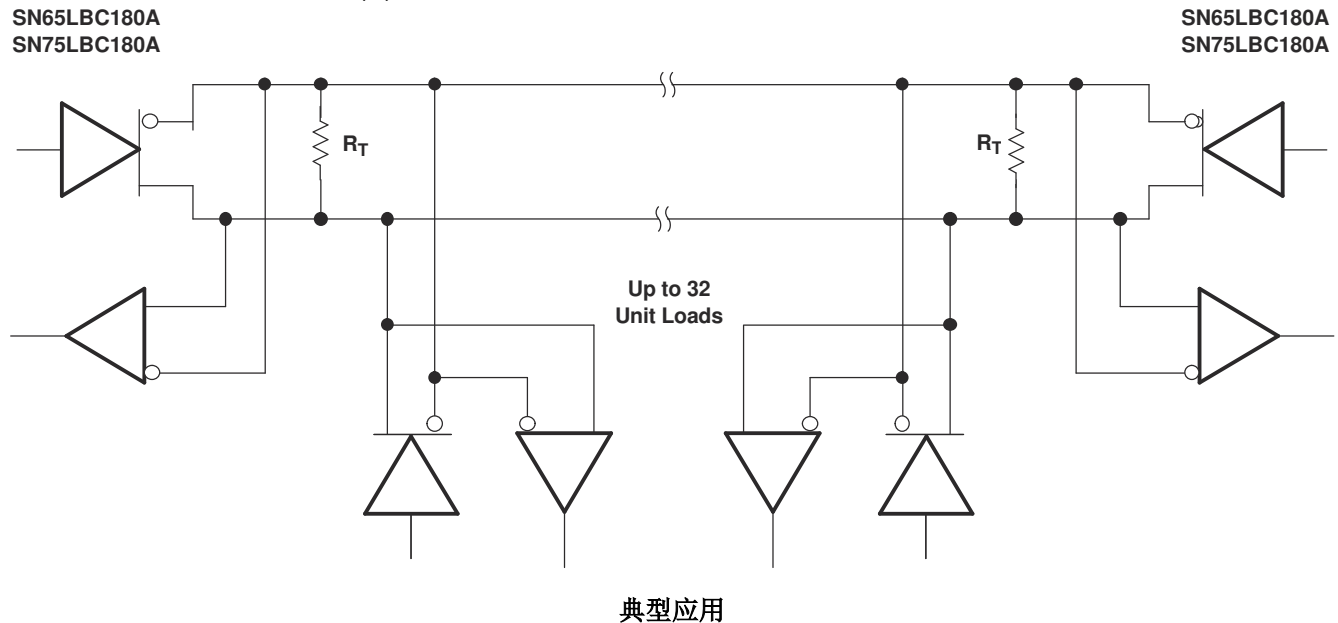
式器件。与前代产品相比，A 版本可提供更高的开关性能，而不会显著降低功耗。

这些器件将一个差分线路驱动器和一个差分输入线路接收器组合在一起，这两个器件由一个 5V 电源供电。驱动器差分输出和接收器差分输入连接到单独的端子以实现全双工工作，并且用于在断电 ($V_{CC} = 0$) 时为总线提供最小负载。这些器件具有较宽的正负共模电压范围，因此适用于点对点或多点数据总线应用。这些器件还提供正负电流限制，避免出现线路故障状况。SN65LBC180A 的额定工作温度范围为 -40°C 至 85°C，SN75LBC180A 的额定工作温度范围为 0°C 至 70°C。

封装信息

器件型号	封装 ⁽¹⁾	封装尺寸 (标称值)
SN65LBC180ASN75LBC180A	D (SOIC)	4.9 mm x 3.91 mm
	N (PDIP)	9.81mm x 6.35mm

(1) 要了解所有可用封装，请见数据表末尾的可订购产品附录。



¹ 规定的驱动器热关断保护信号传输速率将转换时间限制在位持续时间的 30%，在没有此要求的情况下可以实现更高的信号传输速率，如此器件的典型特性所示。



3 Revision History

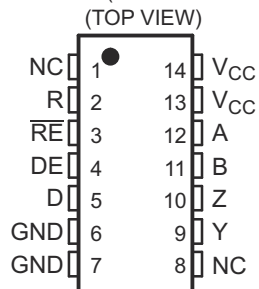
注：以前版本的页码可能与当前版本的页码不同

Changes from Revision D (April 2009) to Revision E (January 2023)	Page
• 将文档更改为了最新 TI 格式.....	1
• Added the <i>Pin Configuration and Functions</i>	3
• Added the <i>Thermal Information</i> table.....	5
• Changed the Typical Characteristics graphs.....	7

Changes from Revision C (June 2002) to Revision D (April 2009)	Page
• 从特性中删除了超出，并将 12kV 更改为了 15kV.....	1
• Deleted storage temperature and lead temperature from the absolute maximum ratings table.....	4
• Added receiver output current to the absolute maximum ratings table.....	4
• Changed the ESD rows in the absolute maximum ratings table.....	4

4 Pin Configuration and Functions

SN65LBC180AD (Marked as BL180A)
 SN65LBC180AN (Marked as 65LBC180A)
 SN75LBC180AD (Marked as LB180A)
 SN75LBC180AN (Marked as 75LBC180A)



NC – No internal connection
 Pins 6 and 7 are connected together internally
 Pins 13 and 14 are connected together internally

表 4-1. Pin Functions

PIN		TYPE	DESCRIPTION
NAME	NO.		
NC	1, 8	No Connect	Not electrically connected
R	2	Digital Output	Logic output RS485 data
RE	3	Digital Input	Receiver enable, active low
DE	4	Digital Input	Driver enable, active high
D	5	Digital Input	Driver data input
GND	6, 7	Ground	Device ground
Y	9	Bus Output	Bus Output Y (Complementary to Z)
Z	10	Bus Output	Bus Output Z (Complementary to Y)
B	11	Bus Input	Bus Input B (Complementary to A)
A	12	Bus Input	Bus Input A (Complementary to B)
V _{CC}	13, 14	Power	5 V Supply

5 Reference

5.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) ⁽¹⁾

			UNIT
V _{CC}	Supply voltage range ⁽²⁾		– 0.3 V to 6 V
V _I	Input voltage range	A, B	– 10 V to 15 V
	Voltage range	D, R, DE, RE	– 0.3 V to V _{CC} + 0.5 V
I _O	Receiver output current		±10 mA
	Continuous total power dissipation ⁽³⁾		Internally limited
	Total power dissipation		See Dissipation Rating Table
ESD	Bus terminals and GND	HBM (Human Body Model) EIA/JESD22-A114 ⁽⁴⁾	±15 kV
	All pins	HBM (Human Body Model) EIA/JESD22-A114 ⁽⁴⁾	±3 kV
		MM (Machine Model) EIA/JESD22-A115	±400 V
		CDM (Charge Device Model) EIA/JESD22-C101	±1.5 kV

- (1) Stresses beyond those listed under *absolute maximum ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *recommended operating conditions* is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- (2) All voltage values are with respect to GND except for differential input or output voltages.
- (3) The maximum operating junction temperature is internally limited. Use the dissipation rating table to operate below this temperature.
- (4) Tested in accordance with MIL-STD-883C, Method 3015.7.

5.2 Dissipation Ratings

PACKAGE	T _A ≤ 25°C POWER RATING	DERATING FACTOR ⁽¹⁾ ABOVE T _A = 25°C	T _A = 70°C POWER RATING	T _A = 85°C POWER RATING
D	950 mW	7.6 mW/°C	608 mW	494 mW
N	1150 mW	9.2 mW/°C	736 mW	598 mW

- (1) This is the inverse of the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance when board-mounted and with no air flow.

5.3 RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

			MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
V _{CC}	Supply voltage		4.75	5	5.25	V
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage	D, DE, and RE	2		V _{CC}	V
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage	D, DE, and RE	0		0.8	V
V _{ID}	Differential input voltage ⁽¹⁾		– 12 ⁽²⁾		12	V
V _O	Voltage at any bus terminal (separately or common mode)	A, B, Y, or Z	– 7		12	V
V _I						
V _{IC}						
I _{OH}	High-level output current	Y or Z	– 60			mA
		R	– 8			
I _{OL}	Low-level output current	Y or Z			60	mA
		R			8	
T _A	Operating free-air temperature		SN65LBC180A		– 40	°C
			SN75LBC180A		0	

- (1) Differential input/output bus voltage is measured at the noninverting terminal with respect to the inverting terminal.
- (2) The algebraic convention, where the least positive (more negative) limit is designated minimum, is used in this data sheet.

5.4 Thermal Information

THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾		N (PDIP)	D (SOIC) SN75 Devices	D (SOIC) SN65 Devices	UNIT
		14-Pins	14-Pins	14-Pins	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	54.2	88.6	93.2	°C/W
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	41.6	49.12	49.4	°C/W
ψ_{JT}	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	34.0	14.17	11.2	°C/W
ψ_{JB}	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	21.1	48.6	48.9	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC(bot)}$	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	N/A	N/A	N/A	°C/W

- (1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the [Semiconductor and IC package thermal metrics](#) application report.

5.5 Driver Electrical Characteristics

over recommended operating conditions (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP ⁽¹⁾	MAX	UNIT
V_{IK}	Input clamp voltage	$I_I = -18 \text{ mA}$		-1.5	-0.8		V
$ V_{OD} $	Differential output voltage magnitude	$R_L = 54 \Omega$, See 图 6-1	SN65LBC180A	1	1.5	3	V
			SN75LBC180A	1.1	1.5	3	
		$R_L = 60 \Omega$, See 图 6-2	SN65LBC180A	1	1.5	3	V
			SN75LBC180A	1.1	1.5	3	
$\Delta V_{OD} $	Change in magnitude of differential output voltage ⁽²⁾	See 图 6-1 and 图 6-2		-0.2		0.2	V
$V_{OC(ss)}$	Steady-state common-mode output voltage	See 图 6-1		1.8	2.4	2.8	V
ΔV_{OC}	Change in steady-state common-mode output voltage ⁽²⁾			-0.1		0.1	V
I_O	Output current with power off	$V_{CC} = 0$, $V_O = -7 \text{ V to } 12 \text{ V}$		-10		10	μA
I_{IH}	High-level input current	$V_I = 2 \text{ V}$		-100			μA
I_{IL}	Low-level input current	$V_I = 0.8 \text{ V}$		-100			μA
I_{OS}	Short-circuit output current	$-7 \text{ V} \leq V_O \leq 12 \text{ V}$		-250	± 70	250	mA
I_{CC}	Supply current	$V_I = 0 \text{ or } V_{CC}$, No load	Receiver disabled and driver enabled		5.5	9	mA
			Receiver disabled and driver disabled		0.5	1	
			Receiver enabled and driver enabled		8.5	15	

- (1) All typical values are at $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$.

- (2) $\Delta |V_{OD}|$ and $\Delta |V_{OC}|$ are the changes in the steady-state magnitude of V_{OD} and V_{OC} , respectively, that occur when the input is changed from a high level to a low level.

5.6 Driver Switching Characteristics

over recommended operating conditions (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
t_{PLH} Propagation delay time, low-to-high-level output	$R_L = 54\ \Omega$, $C_L = 50\ \text{pF}$, See 图 6-3	2	6	12	ns
t_{PHL} Propagation delay time, high-to-low-level output		2	6	12	ns
$t_{sk(p)}$ Pulse skew ($ t_{PLH} - t_{PHL} $)			0.3	1	ns
t_r Differential output signal rise time		4	7.5	11	ns
t_f Differential output signal fall time		4	7.5	11	ns
t_{PZH} Propagation delay time, high-impedance-to-high-level output	$R_L = 110\ \Omega$, See 图 6-4		12	22	ns
t_{PZL} Propagation delay time, high-impedance-to-low-level output	$R_L = 110\ \Omega$, See 图 6-5		12	22	ns
t_{PHZ} Propagation delay time, high-level-to-high-impedance output	$R_L = 110\ \Omega$, See 图 6-4		12	22	ns
t_{PLZ} Propagation delay time, low-level-to-high-impedance output	$R_L = 110\ \Omega$, See 图 6-5		12	22	ns

5.7 Receiver Electrical Characteristics

over recommended operating conditions (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP ⁽¹⁾	MAX	UNIT
V_{IT+} Positive-going input threshold voltage	$I_O = -8\ \text{mA}$			0.2	V
V_{IT-} Negative-going input threshold voltage	$I_O = 8\ \text{mA}$	- 0.2			V
V_{hys} Hysteresis voltage ($V_{IT+} - V_{IT-}$)			50		mV
V_{IK} Enable-input clamp voltage	$I_I = -18\ \text{mA}$	- 1.5	- 0.8		V
V_{OH} High-level output voltage	$V_{ID} = 200\ \text{mV}$, $I_{OH} = -8\ \text{mA}$	4	4.9		V
V_{OL} Low-level output voltage	$V_{ID} = -200\ \text{mV}$, $I_{OL} = 8\ \text{mA}$		0.1	0.8	V
I_{OZ} High-impedance-state output current	$V_O = 0\ \text{V}$ to V_{CC}	- 1		1	μA
I_{IH} High-level enable-input current	$V_{IH} = 2.4\ \text{V}$	- 100			μA
I_{IL} Low-level enable-input current	$V_{IL} = 0.4\ \text{V}$	- 100			μA
I_I Bus input current	$V_I = 12\ \text{V}$, $V_{CC} = 5\ \text{V}$	Other input at 0 V	0.4	1	mA
	$V_I = 12\ \text{V}$, $V_{CC} = 0$		0.5	1	
	$V_I = -7\ \text{V}$, $V_{CC} = 5\ \text{V}$		- 0.8	- 0.4	
	$V_I = -7\ \text{V}$, $V_{CC} = 0$		- 0.8	- 0.3	
I_{CC} Supply current	$V_I = 0$ or V_{CC} , No load	Receiver enabled and driver disabled	4.5	7.5	mA
		Receiver disabled and driver disabled	0.5	1	
		Receiver enabled and driver enabled	8.5	15	

(1) All typical values are at $V_{CC} = 5\ \text{V}$ and $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$.

5.8 Receiver Switching Characteristics

over recommended operating conditions (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
t_{PLH} Propagation delay time, low-to-high-level output	$V_{ID} = -1.5\text{ V to }1.5\text{ V}$, See 图 6-7	7	13	20	ns
t_{PHL} Propagation delay time, high-to-low-level output		7	13	20	ns
$t_{sk(p)}$ Pulse skew ($ t_{PHL} - t_{PLH} $)			0.5	1.5	ns
t_r Output signal rise time			2.1	3.3	ns
t_f Output signal fall time	See 图 6-7		2.1	3.3	ns
t_{PZH} Output enable time to high level	$C_L = 10\text{ pF}$, See 图 6-8		30	45	ns
t_{PZL} Output enable time to low level			30	45	ns
t_{PHZ} Output disable time from high level			20	40	ns
t_{PLZ} Output disable time from low level			20	40	ns

Typical Characteristics

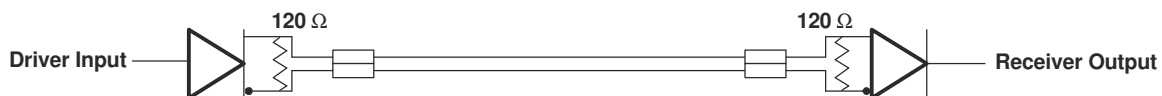
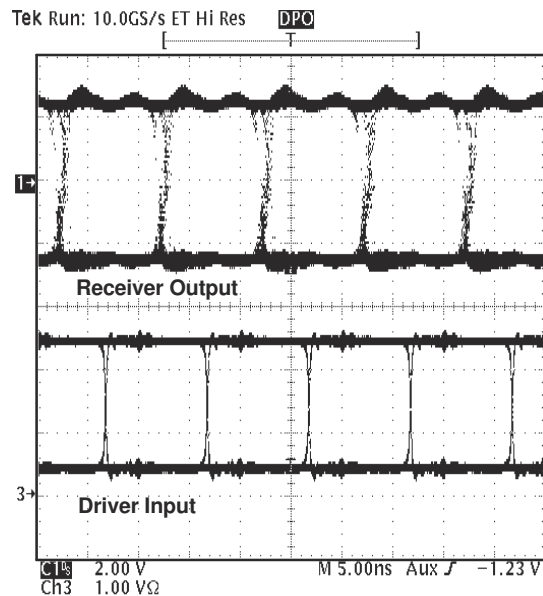


图 5-1. Typical Waveform of Nonreturn-to-Zero (NRZ), Pseudorandom Binary Sequence (PRBS) Data at 100 Mbps Through 15m, of CAT 5 Unshielded Twisted Pair (UTP) Cable

TIA/EIA-485-A defines a maximum signaling rate as that in which the transition time of the voltage transition of a logic-state change remains less than or equal to 30% of the bit length. Transition times of greater length perform quite well even though they do not meet the standard by definition.

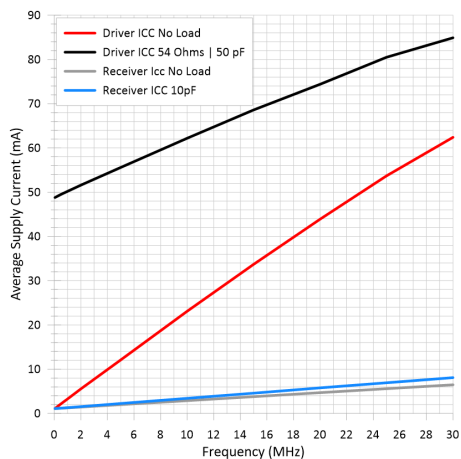


图 5-2. Average Supply Current vs Frequency

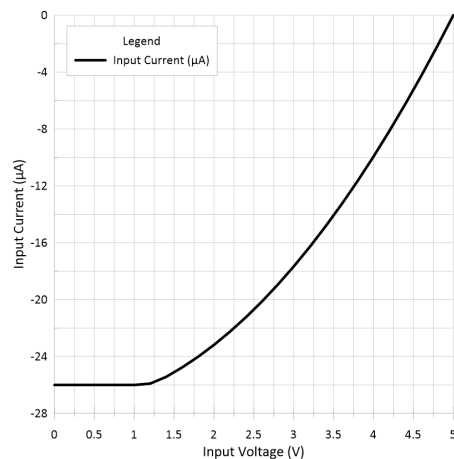


图 5-3. Logic Input Current vs Input Voltage

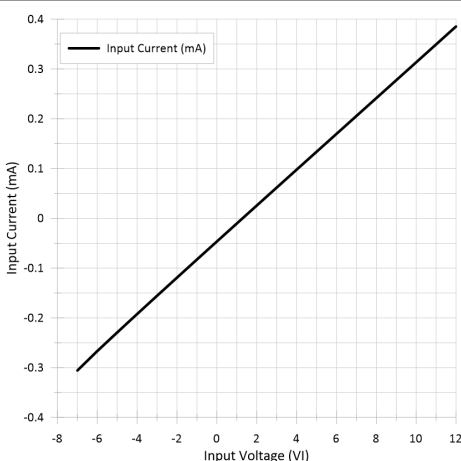


图 5-4. Bus Input Current vs Input Voltage

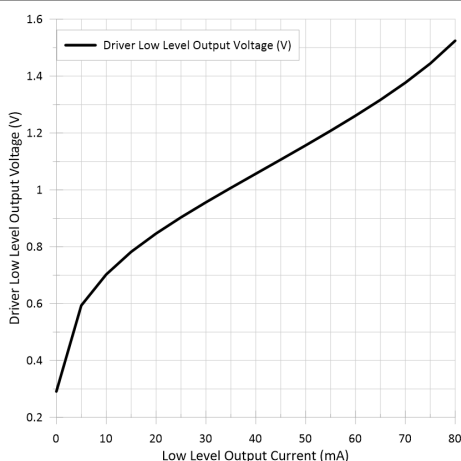


图 5-5. Driver Low-Level Output Voltage vs Low-Level Output Current

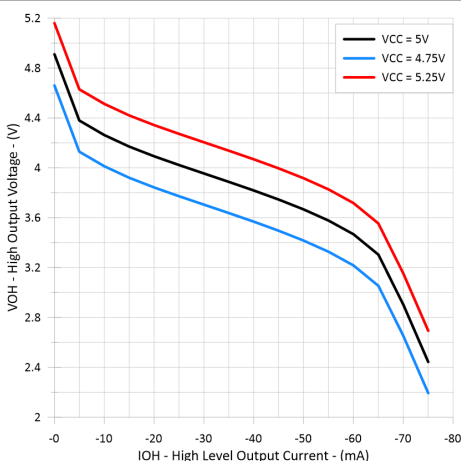


图 5-6. Driver High-Level Output Voltage vs High-Level Output Current

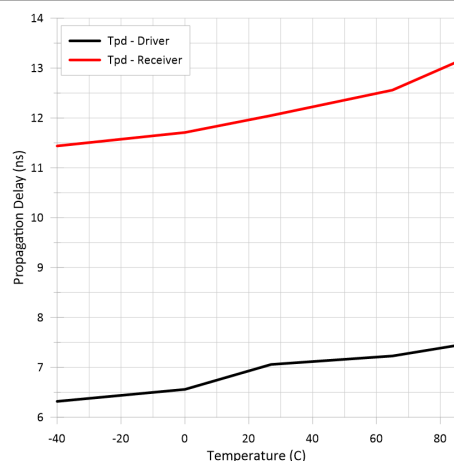


图 5-7. Propagation Delay Time vs Case Temperature

Parameter Measurement Information

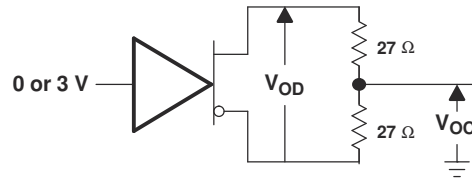


图 6-1. Driver V_{OD} and V_{OC}

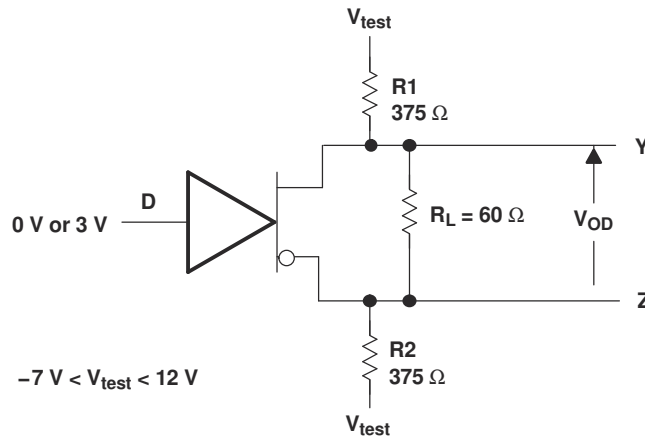
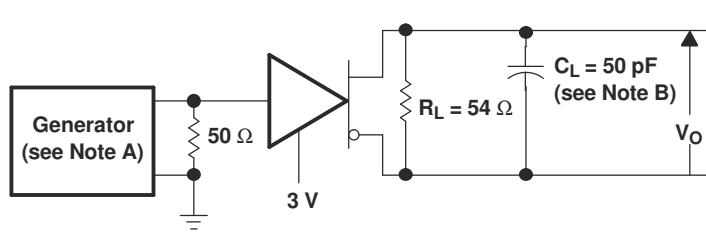
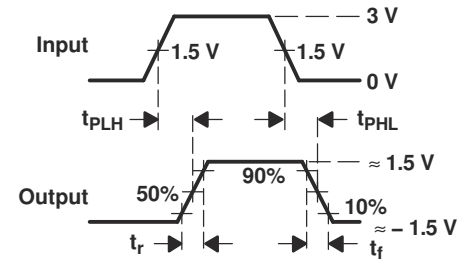


图 6-2. Driver V_{OD}



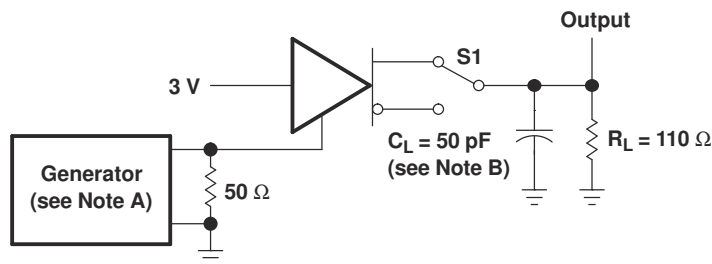
TEST CIRCUIT



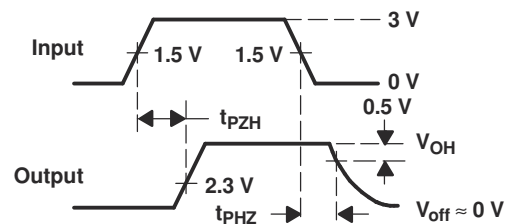
VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS

- A. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: $PRR \leq 1 \text{ MHz}$, 50% duty cycle, $t_r \leq 6 \text{ ns}$, $t_f \leq 6 \text{ ns}$, $Z_0 = 50 \Omega$.
- B. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

图 6-3. Driver Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



TEST CIRCUIT

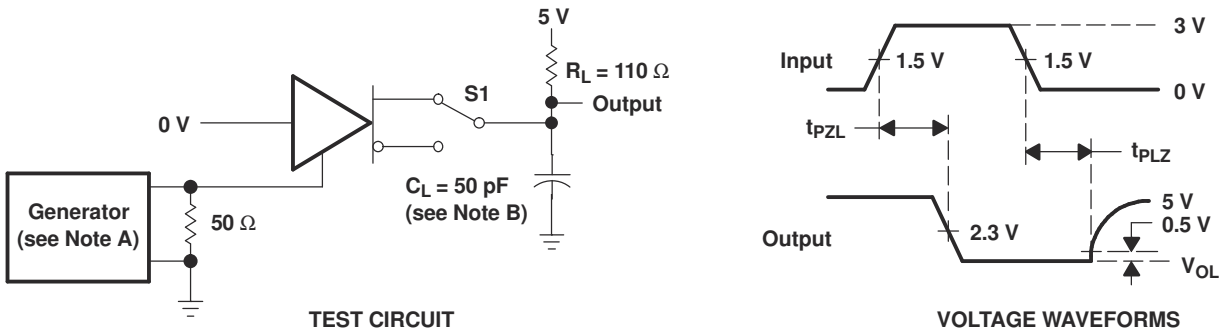


VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS

- A. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: $PRR \leq 1 \text{ MHz}$, 50% duty cycle, $t_r \leq 6 \text{ ns}$, $t_f \leq 6 \text{ ns}$, $Z_0 = 50 \Omega$.

- B. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

图 6-4. Driver Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



- A. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: $PRR \leq 1 \text{ MHz}$, 50% duty cycle, $t_r \leq 6 \text{ ns}$, $t_f \leq 6 \text{ ns}$, $Z_O = 50 \Omega$.
- B. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

图 6-5. Driver Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

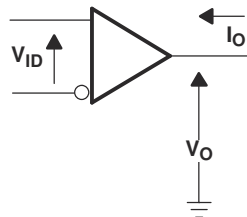
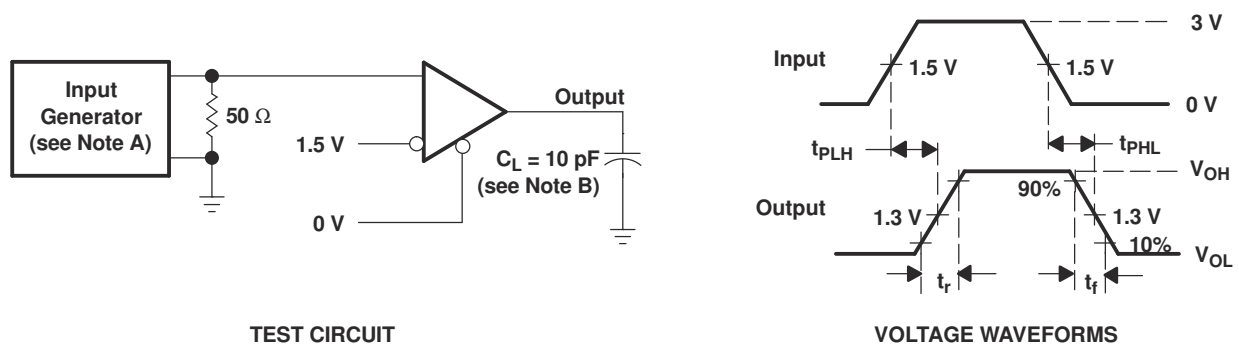
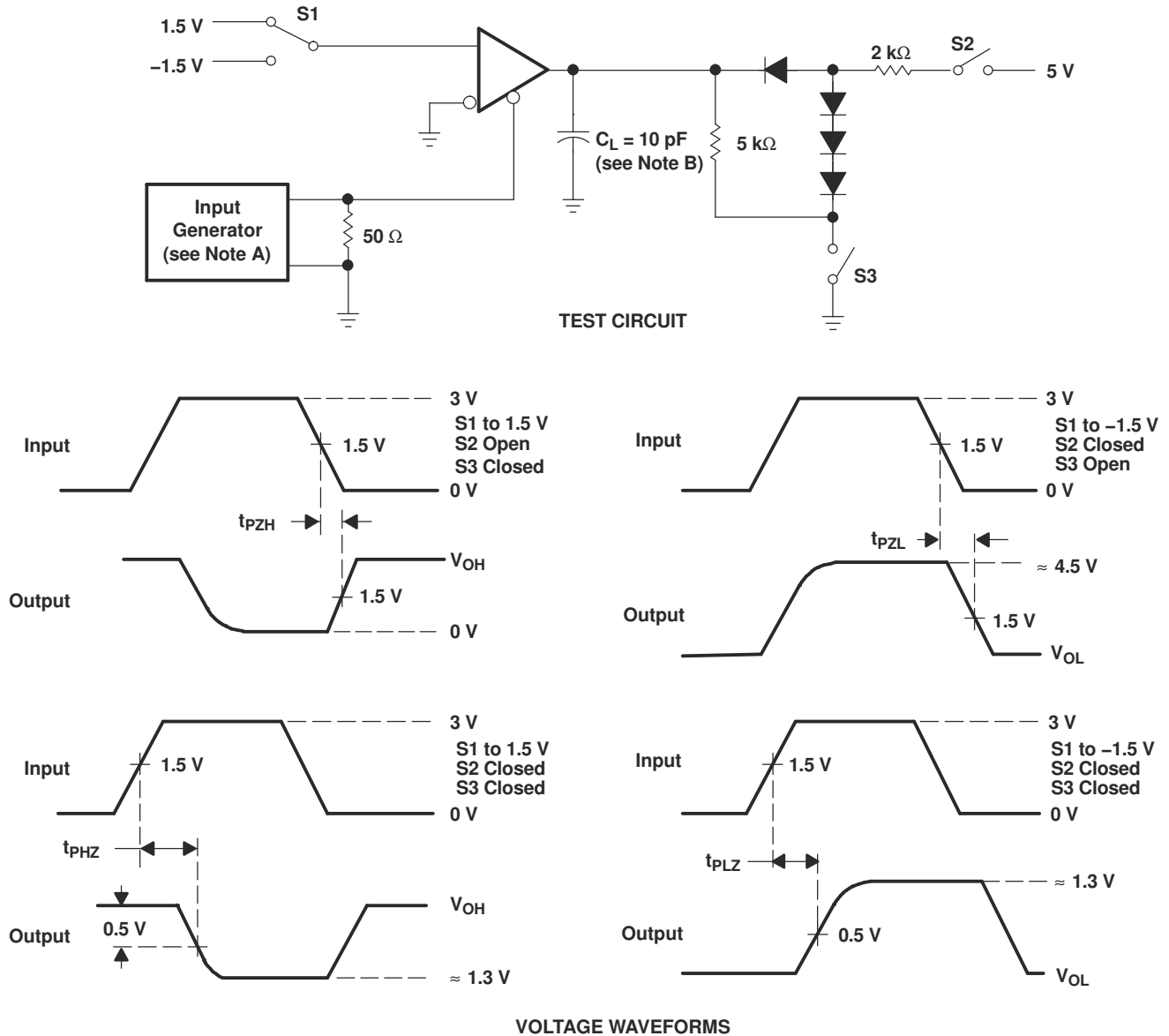


图 6-6. Receiver V_{OH} and V_{OL}



- A. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: $PRR \leq 1 \text{ MHz}$, 50% duty cycle, $t_r \leq 6 \text{ ns}$, $t_f \leq 6 \text{ ns}$, $Z_O = 50 \Omega$.
- B. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

图 6-7. Receiver Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



- A. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: $PRR \leq 1$ MHz, 50% duty cycle, $t_r \leq 6$ ns, $t_f \leq 6$ ns, $Z_O = 50 \Omega$.
- B. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

图 6-8. Receiver Output Enable and Disable Times

6 Detailed Description

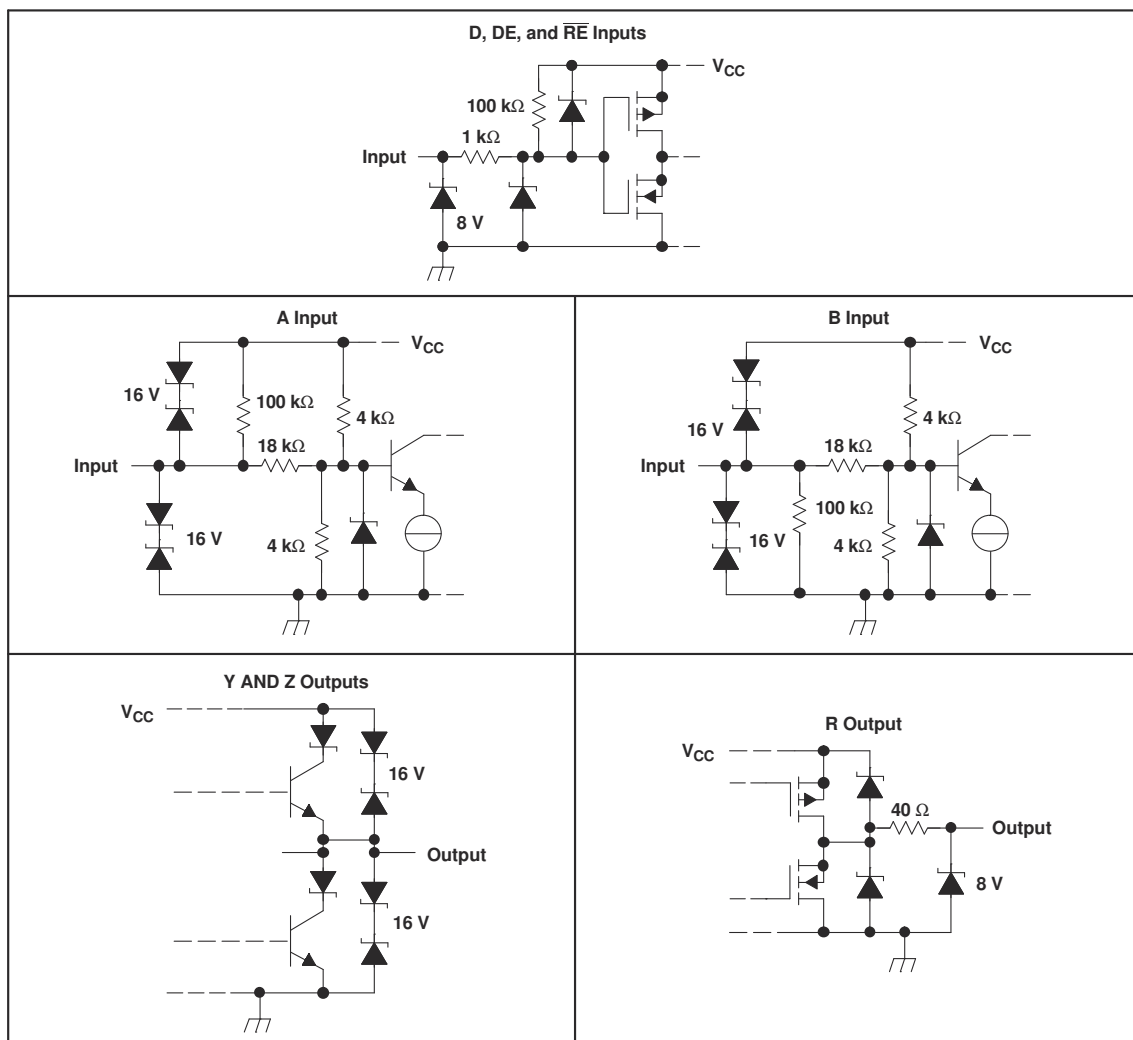
6.1 Device Functional Modes

6.1.1 Functional Tables

DRIVER ⁽¹⁾				RECEIVER		
INPUT D	ENABLE DE	OUTPUTS		DIFFERENTIAL INPUTS A - B	ENABLE RE	OUTPUT R
		Y	Z			
				$V_{ID} \geq 0.2 \text{ V}$	L	H
H	H	H	L	$-0.2 \text{ V} < V_{ID} < 0.2 \text{ V}$	L	?
L	H	L	H	$V_{ID} \leq -0.2 \text{ V}$	L	L
X	L	Z	Z	X	H	Z
OPEN	H	H	L	Open circuit	L	H

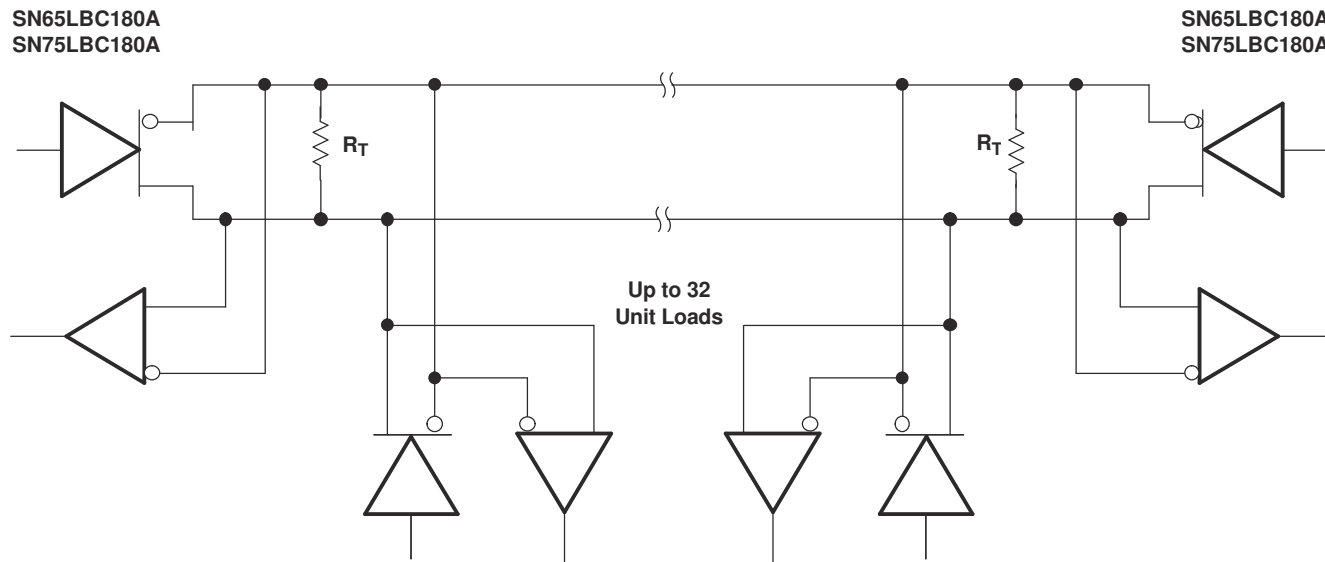
(1) H = high level, L = low level, ? = indeterminate, X = irrelevant, Z = high impedance (off)

6.1.2 Schematics of Inputs and Outputs



7 Application Information

7.1 Typical Application Circuit



- A. The line should be terminated at both ends in its characteristic impedance ($R_T = Z_0$). Stub lengths off the main line should be kept as short as possible. One SN65LBC180A typically represents less than one unit load.

8 Device and Documentation Support

8.1 接收文档更新通知

要接收文档更新通知，请导航至 ti.com 上的器件产品文件夹。点击 [订阅更新](#) 进行注册，即可每周接收产品信息更改摘要。有关更改的详细信息，请查看任何已修订文档中包含的修订历史记录。

8.2 支持资源

TI E2E™ 支持论坛 是工程师的重要参考资料，可直接从专家获得快速、经过验证的解答和设计帮助。搜索现有解答或提出自己的问题可获得所需的快速设计帮助。

链接的内容由各个贡献者“按原样”提供。这些内容并不构成 TI 技术规范，并且不一定反映 TI 的观点；请参阅 TI 的《[使用条款](#)》。

8.3 商标

LinBICMOS™ and TI E2E™ are trademarks of Texas Instruments.

所有商标均为其各自所有者的财产。

8.4 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

8.5 术语表

[TI 术语表](#) 本术语表列出并解释了术语、首字母缩略词和定义。

9 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead finish/ Ball material (6)	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
SN65LBC180ADR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	2500	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	BL180A	Samples
SN65LBC180AN	ACTIVE	PDIP	N	14	25	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	-40 to 85	65LBC180A	Samples
SN75LBC180AN	ACTIVE	PDIP	N	14	25	RoHS & Green	NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	0 to 70	75LBC180A	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) **RoHS:** TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (Cl) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

(4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

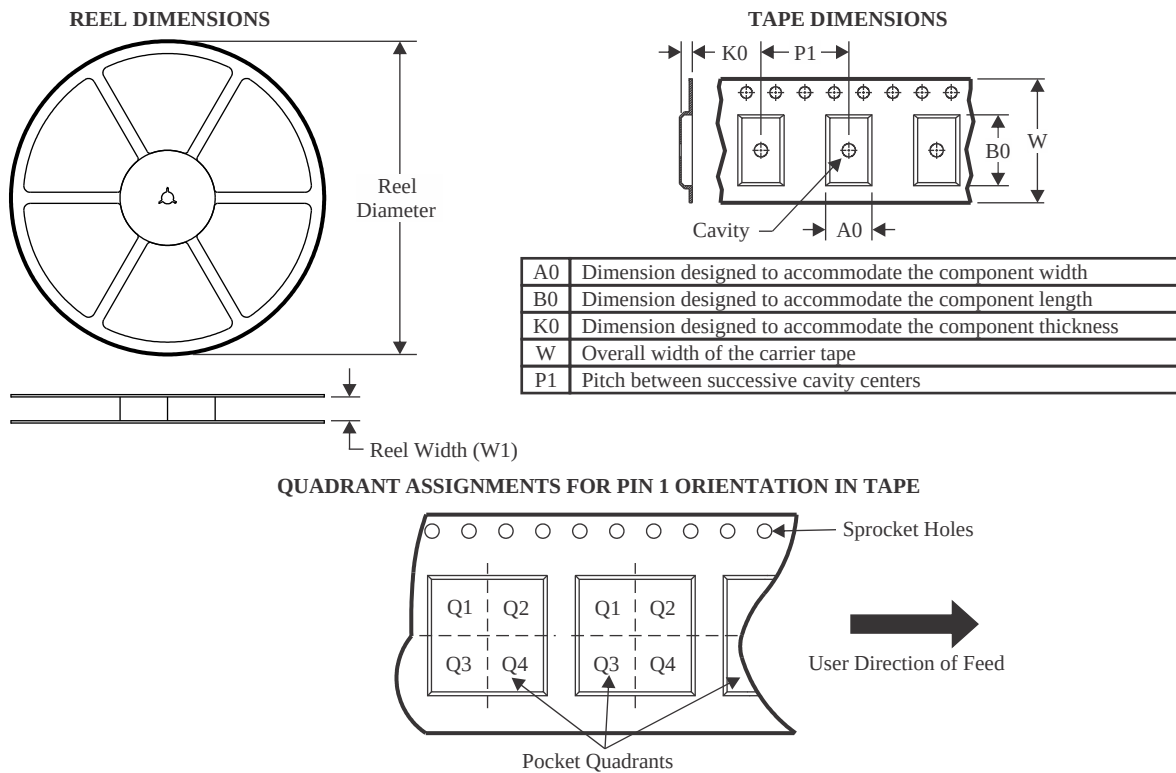
(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

(6) Lead finish/Ball material - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

Important Information and Disclaimer: The information provided on this page represents TI's knowledge and belief as of the date that it is provided. TI bases its knowledge and belief on information provided by third parties, and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of such information. Efforts are underway to better integrate information from third parties. TI has taken and continues to take reasonable steps to provide representative and accurate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical analysis on incoming materials and chemicals. TI and TI suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release.

In no event shall TI's liability arising out of such information exceed the total purchase price of the TI part(s) at issue in this document sold by TI to Customer on an annual basis.

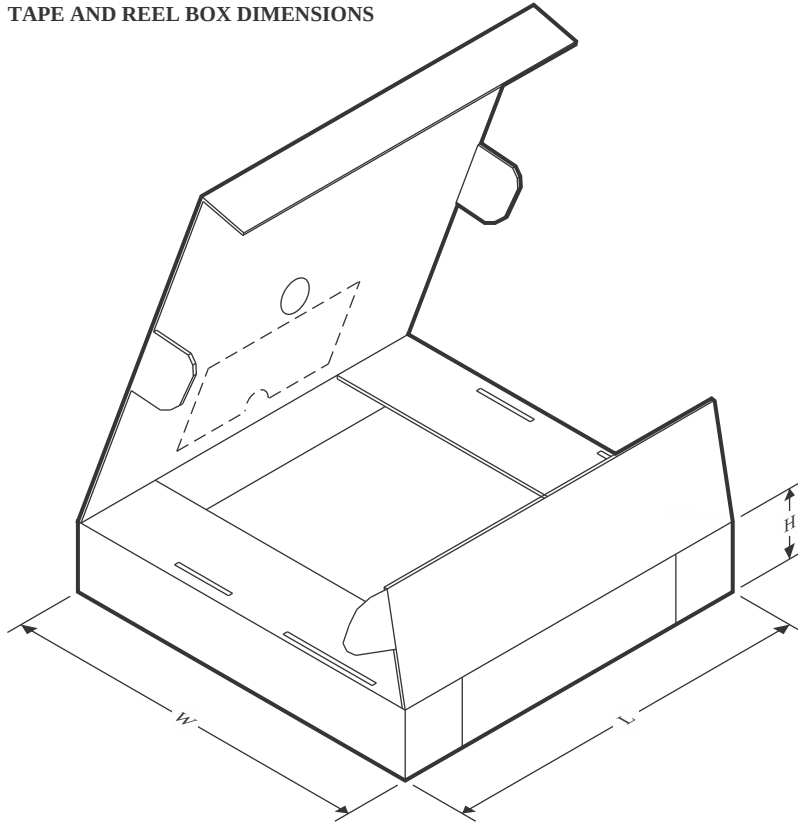
TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
SN65LBC180ADR	SOIC	D	14	2500	330.0	16.4	6.5	9.0	2.1	8.0	16.0	Q1

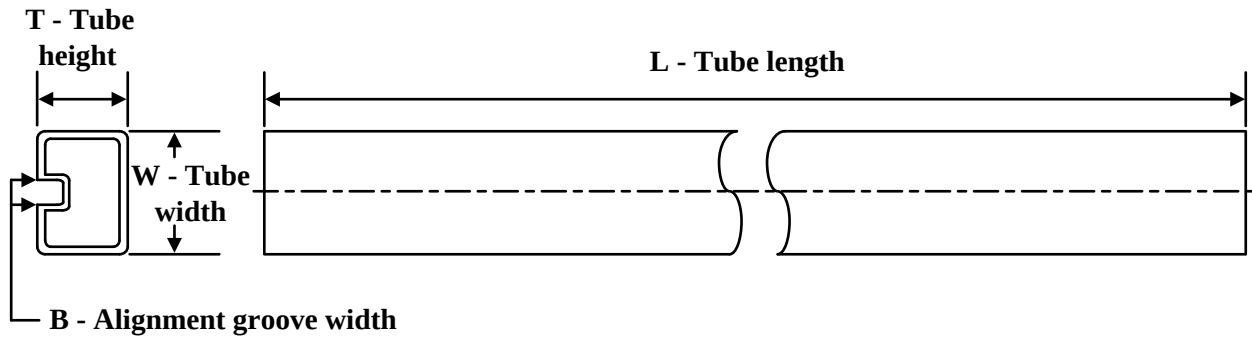
TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
SN65LBC180ADR	SOIC	D	14	2500	356.0	356.0	35.0

TUBE

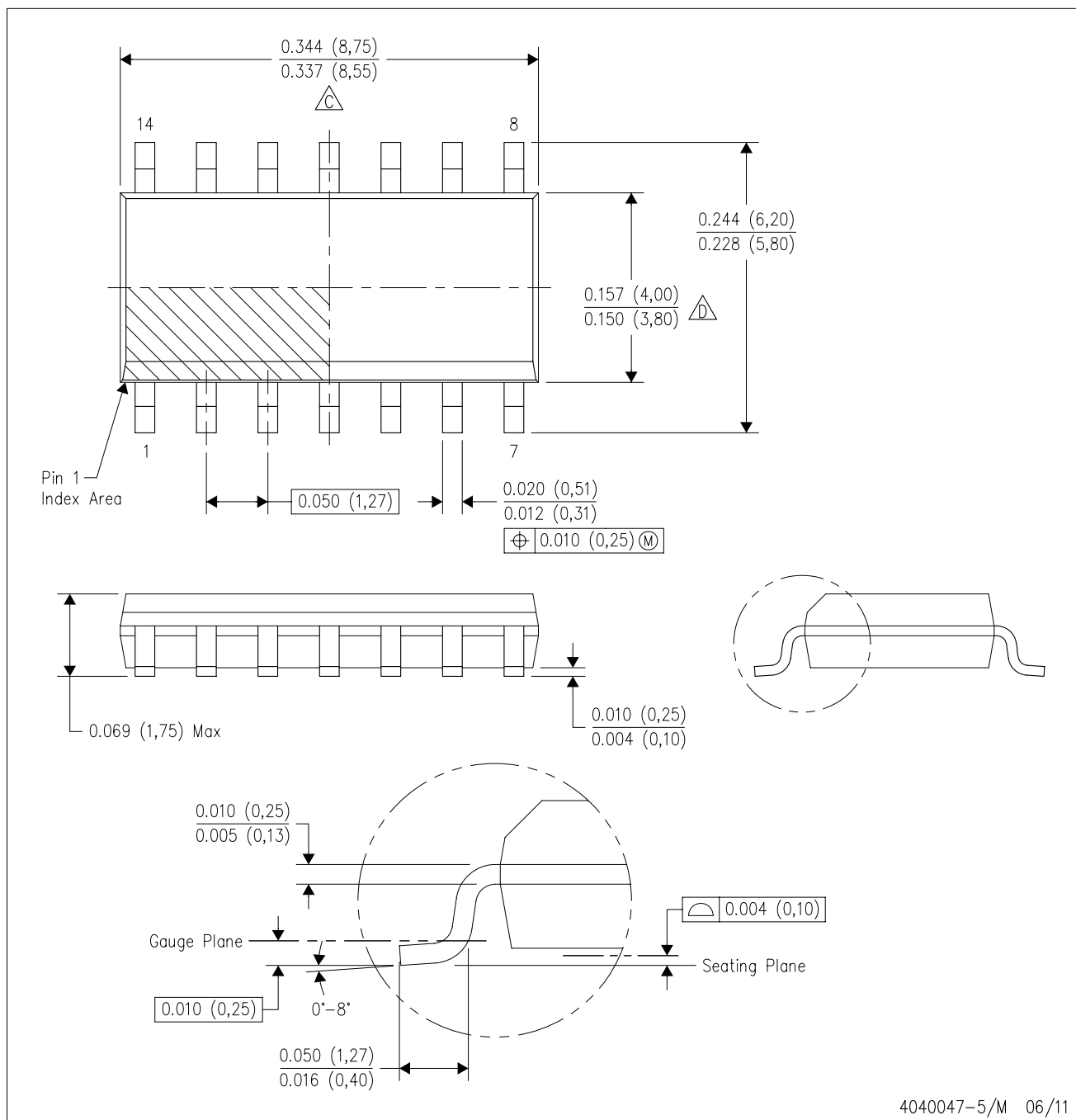


*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Name	Package Type	Pins	SPQ	L (mm)	W (mm)	T (μm)	B (mm)
SN65LBC180AN	N	PDIP	14	25	506	13.97	11230	4.32
SN75LBC180AN	N	PDIP	14	25	506	13.97	11230	4.32

D (R-PDSO-G14)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE

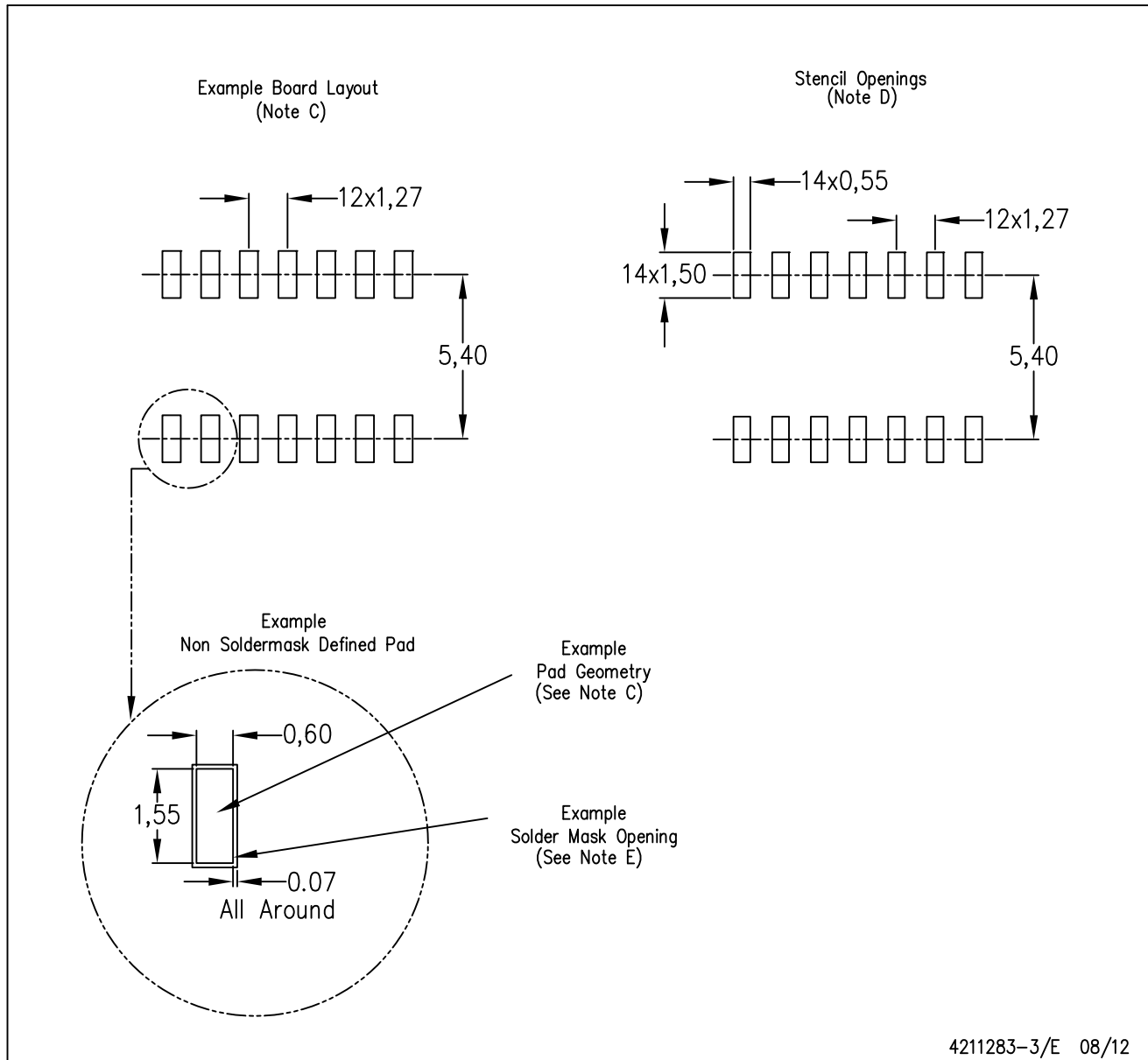


NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.006 (0,15) each side.
- D. Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.017 (0,43) each side.
- E. Reference JEDEC MS-012 variation AB.

D (R-PDSO-G14)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE

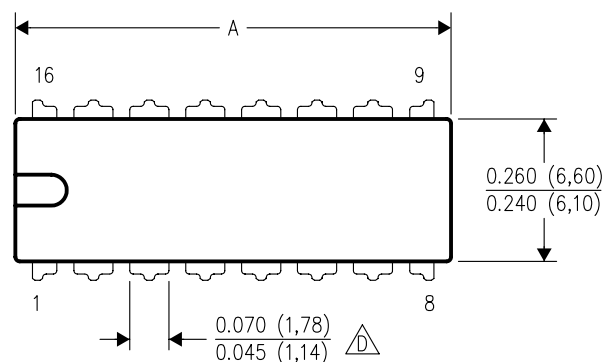


- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
 - D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
 - E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.

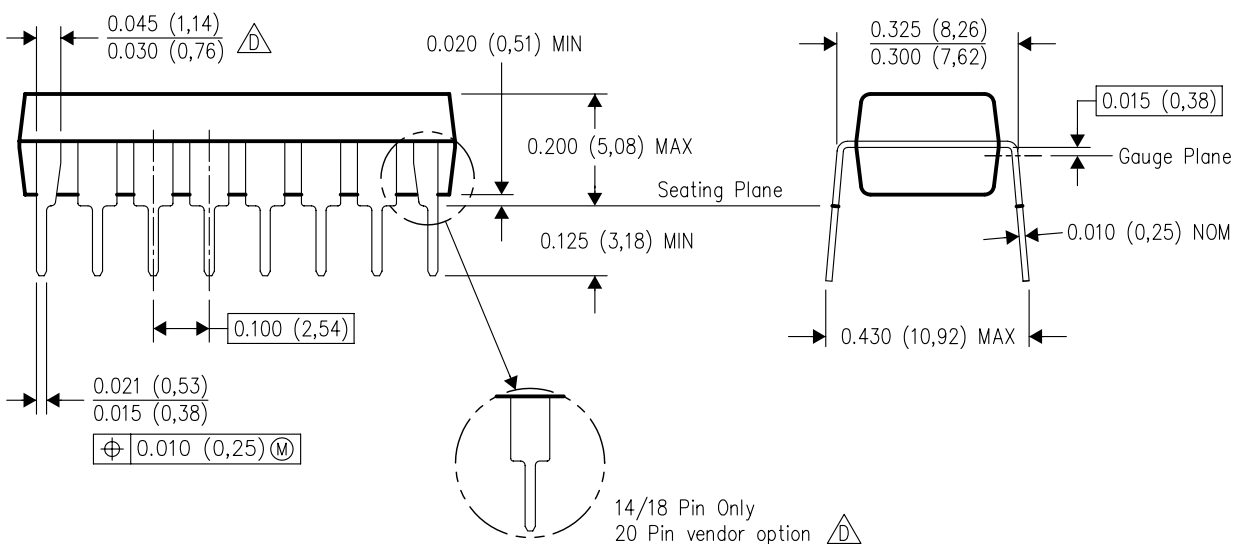
N (R-PDIP-T**)

16 PINS SHOWN

PLASTIC DUAL-IN-LINE PACKAGE



PINS ** DIM	14	16	18	20
A MAX	0.775 (19,69)	0.775 (19,69)	0.920 (23,37)	1.060 (26,92)
A MIN	0.745 (18,92)	0.745 (18,92)	0.850 (21,59)	0.940 (23,88)
MS-001 VARIATION	AA	BB	AC	AD



4040049/E 12/2002

- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 -  Falls within JEDEC MS-001, except 18 and 20 pin minimum body length (Dim A).
 -  The 20 pin end lead shoulder width is a vendor option, either half or full width.

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